## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## LISTING OF CLAIMS

An interactive system for local intervention inside a region of a non-homogeneous structure to which is connected a reference structure containing a plurality of base points, the interactive system comprising:

means for dynamically displaying a three-dimensional image of a representation of the non-homogeneous structure and of the reference structure connected to the non-homogeneous structure, wherein the three-dimensional image also includes a plurality of images of the plurality of base points;

means for determining a set of coordinates of the plurality of images of the plurality of base points in a first reference frame;

means for fixing a position of the non-homogeneous structure and of the reference structure with respect to a second reference frame:

means for determining a set of coordinates of the plurality of base points in the second reference frame;

means of intervention comprising an active member whose position is determined with respect to the second reference frame;

means for generating a plurality of reference frame translation tools for translating a plurality of reference frames from the first reference frame to the second reference frame and vice versa, based on the set of coordinates of the plurality of

Serial No. 09/784,829 Page 2 of 49

images of the plurality of base points in the first reference frame and of the set of coordinates of the plurality of base points in the second reference frame, in such a way as to reduce to a minimum at least one of a set of deviations between the set of coordinates of the plurality of images of the plurality of base points in the first reference frame and the set of coordinates of the base points, expressed in the first reference frame using the plurality of reference frame translation tools;

means for defining, with respect to the first reference frame, a simulated origin of intervention and a simulated direction of intervention; and,

means for transferring the plurality of reference frames using the plurality of reference frame translation tools to establish a bidirectional coupling between the simulated origin of intervention and the simulated direction of intervention and the position of the active member.

The interactive system according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of reference frame translation tools comprise:

means for creating a matrix (M) for transferring between the first reference frame and a first intermediate reference frame based on a set of coordinates of a set of three images of a set of three base points of the reference structure;

means for creating a matrix (N) for transferring between the second reference frame and a second intermediate reference frame based on the set of coordinates of the set of three images of the set of three base points of the reference structure; and.

means for validating matrix (M) and matrix (N) based on the set of three base points and the set of three images, such that at least one deviation between an expression for at least one additional base point in the second intermediate reference frame and an expression for at least one image point of the additional base point in the first intermediate reference frame is reduced to a minimum.

- 3. The interactive system according to plurality of claim 2, wherein the means for transferring the reference frames using the plurality of reference frame translation tools further comprises:
- a first transfer sub-module for transferring a set of representation/non-homogeneous structure coordinates, and
- a second transfer sub-module for transferring a set of non-homogeneous structure/representation coordinates.
- 4. The interactive system according to claim 3, wherein the first transfer sub-module comprises:

means for acquiring a set of coordinates (XM, YM, ZM), expressed in the first reference frame, of a point of the representation of the non-homogeneous structure to be transferred, by selection on the representation:

means for calculating a set of corresponding coordinates (XP, YP, ZP), expressed in the second reference frame, on the non-homogeneous structure through a transformation:

{YP,YP, ZP}=M\*N.sup.-1 \*{XM,YM,ZM} where M \* N.sup.-1 represents a product of the matrix (M) and an inverse of the matrix (N), and

means for processing, with the aid of the corresponding coordinates (YP, YP, ZP), to display a corresponding point on a surface of the non-homogeneous structure and to secure the intervention.

5. The interactive system according to claim 3, wherein the second transfer sub-module comprises:

means for acquiring a set of coordinates (XP, YP, ZP), expressed in the second reference frame, of a point of the non-homogeneous structure to be transferred;

means for calculating a set of corresponding coordinates (XM YM, ZM), expressed in the first reference frame, of the representation through a transformation:

{YM, YM, ZM}=N\*M.sup.-1 \*{XP,ZP,ZP} where N\*M.sup.-1 represents the product of the matrix (N) and an inverse of the matrix (M); and,

means for displaying the representation using the set of corresponding coordinates (YM, YM, ZM).

6. The interactive system according to claim 1, wherein the means for generating the plurality of reference frame translation tools also generate, in association with the reference frame translation tools, tools for taking into account a residual uncertainty which is based on the set of deviations between the set of coordinates of the plurality of images of the plurality of base points in the first reference frame and the set of coordinates of the base points, the tools for taking into account the residual

uncertainty usable for displaying a set of contours in the representation whilst taking into account the residual uncertainties

- 7. The interactive system according to claim 1, wherein the means of dynamic displaying the three-dimensional image comprises:
- a file containing digitized data from a set of two-dimensional images constituted by successive non-invasive tomographic sections of the non-homogeneous structure;
- means for calculating and reconstructing the three-dimensional image from the set of two-dimensional images; and
  - a high-resolution display screen.
- 8. The interactive system according to claim 7, wherein the means for calculating and reconstructing the three-dimensional image from the set of twodimensional images comprises a program consisting of computer-aided design type software.
- 9. The interactive system according to claim 1, wherein the means for determining the set of coordinates of the plurality of base points in the second reference frame comprises a three-dimensional probe equipped with a tactile tip for delivering a set of coordinates of the tactile tip in the said second reference frame.

- 10. The interactive system according to claim 1, wherein the means for determining the set of coordinates of the plurality of base points is the second reference frame comprises at least one of a set of optical sensors and a set of electromagnetic sensors.
- 11. The interactive system according to claim 1, wherein a portion of the set of the plurality of base points of the reference structure comprises a plurality of marks positioned on a lateral surface of the non-homogeneous structure.
- 12. The interactive system according to claim 11, wherein the plurality of marks are four in number and are distributed over the lateral surface so as to define a substantially symmetrical tetrahedron.
- 13. The interactive system according to claim 1, wherein the means of intervention comprises:

a guide arm to secure intervention in the region of the non-homogeneous structure, the guide arm having a position marked with respect to the second reference frame; and.

an active intervention member whose position is marked with respect to the second reference frame.

14. The interactive system according to claim 13, wherein the active intervention member is removable and selected from the group consisting of:

tools for trephining:

needles and implants;

laser and radioisotope emission heads; and, sighting and viewing systems.

15. The interactive system according to claim 1, wherein the means for transferring the plurality of reference frames establishes a coupling between a direction of visualization of the representation of the non-homogeneous structure on the display means and a direction of observation of the non-homogeneous structure and of the reference structure by the active intervention member.

The interactive system according to claim 15, further comprising:
 a first module for visualizing a representation in a direction given by two points;

a second module for visualizing a representation in a direction given by an angle of elevation and an angle of azimuth.

- 17. (Canceled)
- 18. (Canceled)

<ol> <li>(Twice Amended) An interactive system for intervention inside a region</li> </ol>
of a patient, said interactive system comprising:
a device operable to receive image data of the region of the patient
wherein the image data includes image data of a first reference structure to establish an
image reference frame for the region of the patient;
a second reference structure positioned relative to the patient to establish
a patient reference frame for the region of the patient;
a controller operable to correlate the position of the first reference
structure in the image reference frame with the position of the second reference
structure in the patient reference frame;
an active member operable to perform the intervention; and
a tracking system operable to determine a position of at least the second
reference structure and a position of the active member and configured to transmit the
determined positions of the second reference structure and the active member to the
controller;
wherein the controller is configured to determine the position of the active
member based on the determined position of at least the active member and the
correlation of the first reference structure and the second reference structure.
20. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 19
wherein the first reference structure includes a plurality of base points.

	21.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 20
where	in the	second reference structure	includes a plurality of tracking markers.
	22.	(previously presented)	The interesting contains as defended in Ohio 40
			The interactive system as defined in Claim 19
where	in the	second reference structure	includes a plurality of tracking markers.
	23.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 22
where	in the	olurality of tracking markers	s are attached to the patient.
	24.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 19
where	in the s	second reference structure	is attached to the patient.
	25.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 19
wherei	in the f	irst reference structure is a	ttached to the patient.
	26.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 21
wherei	in the p	durality of base points are	generated from the plurality of tracking markers.
	27.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 20
wherei	n the p	olurality of base points are	at least one of a plurality of notable points on the
		narks fixed to the patient.	

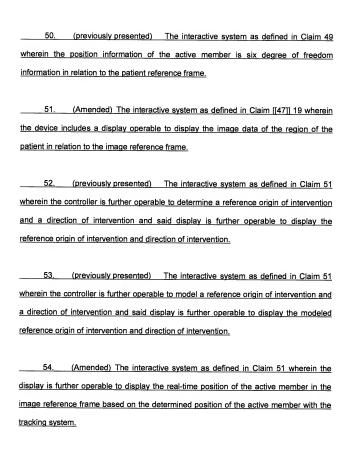
temples, frontal medial point, an apex of a skull, a center of gravity of an orbits of the
eyes and a combination thereof.
29. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 19
wherein the tracking system includes a marker device operable to determine a position
of the second reference structure in relation to the patient reference frame.
30. (Amended) The interactive system as defined in Claim 29 wherein the
marker device includes a telemetry system operable to determine the position of the
second reference structure in the patient reference frame and transmit the determined
position to the controller, wherein the controller is operable to perform the correlation at
least with the transmitted determined position.
31. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 30
wherein the telemetry system is an electromagnetic telemetry system.
32. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 31
wherein the second reference structure includes electromagnetic tracking markers,
wherein the electromagnetic telemetry system is operable to determine the position of
the electromagnetic tracking markers of the second reference structure in relation to the
patient reference frame.

28. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 27 wherein the notable points are selected from a group comprising a head, eyebrows,

33.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 32,
wherein the	electromagnetic tracking n	narkers are transmitters and the electromagnetic
telemetry sys	stem is an electromagnetic	sensor.
34.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 30
wherein the t	elemetry system is an opti	cal telemetry system.
35.	(Amended) The interact	ive system as defined in Claim 34 wherein the
optical telem	etry system includes at lea	ast one of a video camera or an infrared camera
to image at	least the second reference	e structure and configured to plot points of the
second refere	ence structure.	
36.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 34
wherein the	second reference structure	e includes optical tracking markers, wherein the
optical telem	etry system is operable to	o determine the position of the optical tracking
markers of th	e second reference structu	ire in relation to the patient reference frame.
37.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 34
wherein the o	optical telemetry system u	tilizes position and shape recognition to identify
the second re	eference structure.	
38.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 29
wherein the n	narker device includes a th	ree-dimensional probe.

39.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 38
wherein the	three-dimensional probe	includes a tactile tip operable to engage the
second refere	nce structure.	
40.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 38
	(picviously picselited)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 50
wherein the	three-dimensional prob	e is robotically manipulated, such that the
instantaneous	position of the three-dime	ensional probe is known.
41.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 29
	(proviously procentica)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 25
wherein the m	arker device includes a s	et of cameras operable to determine the position
of the second	reference structure in rela	ation to the patient reference frame.
42.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 41
wherein the se	t of cameras are selected	d from video and infrared cameras.
43.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 29
wherein the m	arker device is a laser b	eam emission system operable to illuminate the
second refere	nce structure to determin	e a position of the second reference structure in
	patient reference frame.	
relation to the	patient reference frame.	
44.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 20
wherein the co	ontroller further includes a	graphical tool operable to identify the plurality of

base points of the first reference structure in the image data of the image data reference
frame.
45. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 44 wherein the graphical tool is a mouse in communication with the controller.
46. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 19 wherein the first reference structure is generated from the second reference structure.
47. (canceled)
48. (Amended) The interactive system as defined in Claim 19 wherein the active member is selected from a group comprising a trephining tool, a needle, a laser,
a radioscope emission head, an endoscopic viewing system, a tool used in the intervention, an implant, a sighting system, a microscope, and combinations thereof.
49. (Amended) The interactive system as defined in Claim 19 further comprising a telemetry system operable to determine the position of the active member in the patient reference frame, said telemetry system in communication with the
controller.



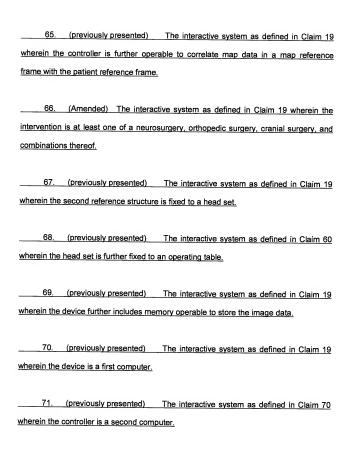
55.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 51
wherein the	e display is further operable t	o display image data relative to a direction of
intervention	of the active member.	
56.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 55
wherein the	e image data is displayed per	pendicular to a direction of intervention of the
active mem	ber.	
57	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 51
wherein the		to simulate an optimal trajectory of advance of
		perable to display the optimal trajectory in the
	relative to the image reference	
mago data	Total Ve to the image reference	e traine.
58.	(previously presented)	The interactive system as defined in Claim 57
wherein mo	evement of the active member	is steered to the optimal trajectory to carry out
a programm	ned intervention.	
59.	(Amended) The interactive	system as defined in Claim 19 wherein the
active meml	ber is robotically controlled.	
60.	(previously presented) T	he interactive system as defined in Claim 19
wherein the		ne of a magnetic resonance image data, a
	go data is at icast Off	e or a magnetic resonance image data, a

tomographic	image	data,	а	radiographic	image	data,	x-ray	image	data,	and
combinations	thereof.									

61. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 19 wherein the device is operable to construct three-dimensional images from captured two-dimensional images.

62. (previously presented) An interactive system for intervention inside a region
of a patient, said interactive system comprising:
a device operable to receive image data of the region of the patient
wherein the image data includes image data of a first reference structure to establish ar
image reference frame for the region of the patient;
a second reference structure positioned relative to the patient to establish
a patient reference frame for the region of the patient; and
a controller operable to correlate the position of the first reference
structure in the image reference frame with the position of the second reference
structure in the patient reference frame;
wherein the device is operable to construct three-dimensional images from
captured two-dimensional images;
wherein the controller is operable to superimpose two-dimensional image
data on the three-dimensional images wherein any change in soft external parts of the
patient can be visualized as compared with the image captured by the imaging device

63. (previously presented) An interactive system for intervention inside a
region of a patient, said interactive system comprising:
a device operable to receive image data of the region of the patient
wherein the image data includes image data of a first reference structure to establish ar
image reference frame for the region of the patient;
a second reference structure positioned relative to the patient to establish
a patient reference frame for the region of the patient;
a controller operable to correlate the position of the first reference
structure in the image reference frame with the position of the second reference
structure in the patient reference frame; and
an active member operable to perform the intervention;
wherein the device includes a display operable to display the image data
of the region of the patient in relation to the image reference frame;
wherein the controller is further operable to determine residual uncertainty
which is used to represent a contour with dimensions larger than those which would
normally be represented and the display is operable to display the residual uncertainty
of the contour.
64. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 63
wherein the contour is a display of an active member and a representation of residual
uncertainty in order to reduce the chance of traversing undesired structures



Serial No. 09/784,829 Page 20 of 49

72. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 71

wherein the first computer and the second computer is a single work station.

Serial No. 09/784,829 Page 21 of 49

73. (Twice Amended) An interactive system for intervention inside a region
of a patient, said interactive system comprising:
a device operable to receive image data of the region of the patient,
wherein the image data includes image data of a first reference structure to establish an
image reference frame for the region of the patient;
a second reference structure positioned relative to the patient to establish
a patient reference frame for the region of the patient;
a controller operable to correlate the position of the first reference
structure in the image reference frame with the position of the second reference
structure in the patient reference frame;
an active member operable to perform the intervention inside the region of
the patient:
a tracking system operable to track the position of the active member in
relation to the patient reference frame, the tracking system being in communication with
the controller to transmit the tracked position of the active member as position
information to the controller, wherein the controller is operable to determine the position
of the active member relative to the image reference frame; and
a display operable to display the real-time position of the active member in
the image reference frame based on the controller determined position of the active
member based on the tracked position of the active member from the tracking system.
wherein the controller is configured to generate a representation of the active member
that is displayed on the display relative to a display of the received image data

74. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 73
wherein the active member is selected from a group comprising a trephining tool, a
needle, a laser, a radioscope emission head, an endoscopic viewing system, a too
used in the intervention, an implant, a sighting system, a microscope, and combinations
thereof.
75. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 73
wherein the position information of the active member is six degree of freedom
information in relation to the patient reference frame.
76. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim
73 wherein the tracking system that tracks the position of the active member is a
telemetry system in communication with the controller.
77. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 73
wherein the active member is robotically controlled.
78. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 73
wherein the image data is at least one of a magnetic resonance image data, a
tomographic image data, a radiographic image data, x-ray image data, and
combinations thereof.

Serial No. 09/784,829 Page 23 of 49

79. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 73
wherein the controller is further operable to determine a reference origin of intervention
and a direction of intervention and said display is further operable to display the
reference origin of intervention and direction of intervention.
80. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 73
wherein the first reference structure includes a plurality of base points.
81. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 80
wherein the second reference structure includes a plurality of tracking markers.
The second reference structure includes a pidranty or tracking markers.
82. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 81
wherein the plurality of base points are generated by the plurality of tracking markers.
83. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 73
wherein the second reference structure is attached to the patient.
section to discount to the patient.
04 (200)
84. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 73
wherein intervention is at least one of a neurosurgery, orthopedic surgery, cranial
surgery intervention, and combinations thereof.
85. (previously presented) The interactive system as defined in Claim 73

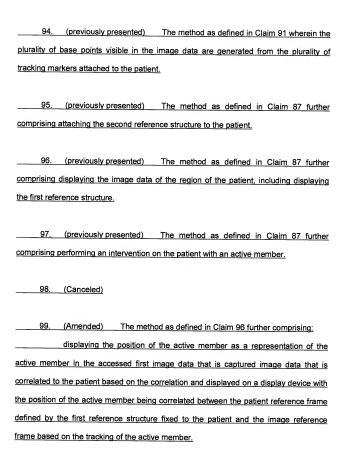
Serial No. 09/784,829 Page 24 of 49

wherein the second reference structure is fixed to a head set.

86. (Amended) The interactive system as defined in Claim 73 wherein the display forms part of the device and wherein the image data received is acquired image data of the region of the patient and is displayed on the display, further wherein the representation of the active member is displayed on the acquired image data of the region of the patient.

87. (Twice Amended) A method for performing an image guided
intervention inside a region of a patient, said method comprising:
accessing a first image data of the region of the patient captured with an
imaging system where the first image data includes image data of a first reference
structure;
identifying the first reference structure in the first image data to establish
an image reference frame;
identifying a second reference structure relative to the patient to establish
a patient reference frame;
correlating the position of the first reference structure in the image
reference frame in the first image data with the position of the second reference
structure in the patient reference frame; and
tracking an active member at least to determine a position of the active
member in the patient reference frame to determine a location of the active member
based on the tracking of the active member and transmitting the determined position in
the patient refrence frame for display on a display device relative to the image reference
frame of the first image data based at least on the correlation of the first reference
structure and the second reference structure.
88. (previously presented) The method as defined in Claim 87 further
comprising attaching a plurality of tracking markers to the patient where the tracking
markers form the second reference structure.

89. (prev	viously presented)	The method	as defined	d in Claim	88 further
comprising identify	ing the position of th	e tracking mar	kers in the p	oatient refe	rence frame
using a telemetry	system.				
90. (Ame	ended) The method	d as defined	in Claim	89 further	comprising
transmitting from t	he tracking markers	a signal and re	eceiving the	transmitted	signal with
an electromagneti	c sensor to identify t	he position of	the second	reference	structure in
the patient referen	ce frame.				
91. (prev	riously presented)	The method	as defined	in Claim	87 wherein
identifying the firs	t reference structure	includes ide	ntifying a p	urality of b	pase points
visible in the image	e data.				
92. (prev	iously presented)	The method	as defined	in Claim	91 wherein
identifying the plur	ality of base points in	ncludes identif	ying at least	one of not	table points
on the patient as n	narks fixed to the pati	ent representir	ng the plural	ity of base	points.
93. (prev	iously presented)	The method a	as defined in	Claim 92 v	wherein the
notable points are	selected from a grou				
	t, an apex of a skull,				
combination thereo					_, und a
	<u></u>				



Serial No. 09/784,829 Page 28 of 49

100. (Amended) The method as defined in Claim 99 further comprising identifying the position of the active member with a telemetry system by transmitting the
tracked location of the active member for displaying the representation of the active
member.
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101. (previously presented) The method as defined in Claim 99 further
comprising displaying a reference origin of intervention and a direction of intervention in
the image data.
102. (previously presented) The method as defined in Claim 101 further
comprising tracking the position of the active member relative to the reference origin of
intervention and the direction of intervention.
103. (previously presented) The method as defined in Claim 87 further
comprising converting two-dimensional image data to three-dimensional image data.
and the state of t
104. (previously presented) The method as defined in Claim 97 wherein the
intervention is selected from at least one of a neurosurgery, orthopedic surgery, cranial
surgery, and combinations thereof.
105. (previously presented) The method as defined in Claim 95 further
comprising attaching the second reference structure to a head set.